STRESS Everyone has heard of it..... BUT WHAT IS IT REALLY?

The body's reaction to threats or demands either REAL or PERCEIVED

Can we get rid of stress?



<u>Choose that stressor....</u>

You make the varsity team
7th period teacher gives you your
4th HW assignment for tonight
Mean post on face book
You go to a fun party 'till 2am

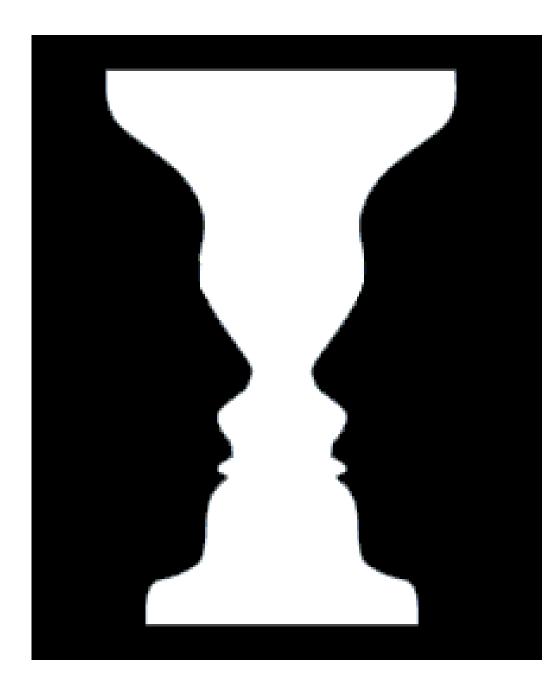
You earn an A+
-GF or BF pushing you to have sex
-Getting bullied
-Did something wrong tell parents or no??

STRESSOR- <u>Anything</u> that causes stress! It's all comes down to how you PERCEIVE it!

PERCEPTION

What influences a person's perception?

Previous experiences
 Personality
 Level of Optimism or Pessimism







Anything that causes stress

<u>2 Types of Stressors</u>
Acute Stressorexamples.....

Chronic Stressorexamples.....



Is Stress Positive or Negative?
Positive Stress = Eustress
Negative Stress = Distress
Examples.....

The Body's Reaction To Stressor What happens?

<u>Alarm Stage-</u> "Fight or Flight" "General Adaptations Stage"

- Release hormones
- Increase in heart rate
- Liver releases glucose (sugar) more energy
- Respiration increases
- Pupils dilate allowing better vision
- Hearing becomes more acute
- Muscle tension increases which increases strength
- -Thrombin (blood clotting hormone) is released
- -Palms and soles of feet become sweaty
- -Mouth has less saliva and digestive juices



Why do you think the body reacts in these ways?
What is the body preparing for?
Can you think of a time when you were in this situation? What was the stressor and how did you react?

<u>Resistance Stage-</u> Attempts to regain state of internal balance....called <u>homeostasis</u>.

-the body returns to normal

Exhaustion Stagewear and tear on the body Immune system weakens Can cause a nervous break



Can cause a nervous breakdown and even DEATH

Signs of Stress



-rapid pulse

-headaches

-sweaty palms

-muscular tension

-stomach cramps

-teeth grinding

-finger/foot tapping -appetite loss

-fatigue

-dizziness

-nausea

-fever



Signs of Stress

Psychological -Poor concentration -excessive worrying about future events -depression -anxiety -withdrawal -poor memory recall -easily distracted

Signs of Stress

Behavioral

-crying for no reason
-displays of anger
-withdrawal from social activities
-increase in accidents
-sleep disturbances
-increased use of drugs alcohol, smoking and eating

"<u>Burnout</u>"

-feeling under pressure to always succeed -need for constant excitement -tensed muscles -lo -inability to relax -di

-loss of self esteem -diminished sense of humor

Stress Related Disorders and Diseases

- HORT TERM Systems
- leadaches

- -Hair loss
- Shoulder and neck pain -Sexual disorders
- **Jicers**
- PMS
- lashes

-Constipation, diarrhea

-Allergies worsen

-Cold sore and viruses

Stress Related Disorders and Diseases Long Term -heart disease (increase fats and cholesterol in blood (eat/drink/smoke more) - > chance of becoming obese

- Cancer

- Depression

-Diabetes - Anorexia (increase in blood sugar)

- Divorce

- Suicide

Stress Related Disorders and Diseases

Strictly dependent upon:
genetic make up
level of fitness
attitude- positive vs. negative
tolerance for pain

Stress Management What kinds of things can you do to reduce

stress?

Copyright 2003 by Randy Glasbergen. www.glasbergen.com



"What fits your busy schedule better, exercising one hour a day or being dead 24 hours a day?"

Coping Methods

Exercising
 Diet
 Diversion and evasion

Coping Strategies 1. Change Response to stressor 2. Change Situation 3. Lifestyle Change

Relaxation

1. Deep breathing- Inhale slowly and deeply with your mouth closed and expand your stomach, allowing it to fill with air.

2. Progressive Relaxation

3. Meditation